S. L. CHHAJED & CO. LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of
Gurgaon Sohna Highways Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Gurgaon Sohna Highways Private Limited which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31,2023, and profit, total comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other the standalone financial statements and Auditor's report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is information included in the Annual report,[but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon]

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of financial statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the relevant internal financial controls relevant to audit in order to
 design adequate audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(i) of
 the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate
 internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting
 and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or
 conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If
 we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's

report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our qualified opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement and the statement of changes in equity dealtwithby this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Account) Rules, 2015, as amended.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2023, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2023, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the Internal Financial Control over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B"

- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended; the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors are in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of ourinformation and according to the explanations given to us:

i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would have impact on its financial

position.

ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there are any material foreseeable losses.

- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- i) Based on the representation received from the Management, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries:
- j) Based on the representation received from the Management, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- k) Based on audit procedures we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances; nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) contain any material mis-statement.
- The Company has not declared/paid any dividend during the year hence reporting under clause Rule 11(f) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, is not applicable
- m) Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

For S.L. Chhajed & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 000709C

Abhay Kumar Chhajed

Partner

Membership No.: 079662

UDIN: 23079662BGQJBT3280

Date: May 09th, 2023

Place: Bhopal

Annexure- A to the Independent Auditors' Report:

The Annexure referred to in paragraph 1 under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date

- a) A. The Company does not have any Property Plant and Equipment, hence reporting under clause i(a)A
 of the order is not applicable.
 - B. The Company does not hold any intangible assets, hence reporting under clause i(a)B of the order is not applicable.
 - b)The Company does not have any Property Plant and Equipment, hence reporting under clause (i) (b) under para 3 of the order is not applicable.
 - c) The Company does not have any immovable property, hencereporting under clause (1)(c) of the order is not applicable.
 - d) The Company not have any immovable property, hencereporting under clause (1)(d) of the order is not applicable.
 - e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Unit for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder
- ii.a) The company had no inventory during and at the year end. Therefore, the reporting requirements of paragraph 3(ii)(a) of the Order are not applicable.
 - b) the company has not been sanctioned any working capital limit in excess of five crore rupees during the reporting period, in aggregate, from the bank or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Therefore, the reporting requirements under the paragraph3(ii)(b) of the order is not applicable.
- iii. According to the documents and records produced before us the company has not made any investmentor has not provided any loans or advances in the nature of loans or provided any guarantee or security, secured or unsecured, to the companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties during the reporting period. Therefore, the reporting requirements under the paragraph (iii) (a-A, B), (iii) (b), (iii) (c), (iii) (d), (iii) (e) and (iii) (f) of Paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable.
- iv. According to the information and explanations given to us, as per section 185 of the CompaniesAct, 2013, no loan has been given, investments made and no guarantee and security has been given attracting the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act. Hence reporting requirements of paragraph 3(iv) of the Order are not applicable.
- v. Based on our examination of the Company's records and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not accepted any deposits from public (including deemed deposits) during the year within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules 2014. Further, no order has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal, or Reserve Bank of India or any court or any other tribunal. Hence reporting requirements of paragraph 3(v) of the Order are not applicable.
- vi. We have broadly reviewed the books of account and records maintained by the Company pursuant to the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules 2014 prescribed by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and are of the opinion that prima facie the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, we are not required to and have not carried out any detailed examination of such accounts and records.



- vii. (a) According to information and explanations given to us and our examination of records the company is income-tax, goods and service tax and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities and no other material statutory dues which were arrear as on 31st March, 2023 for more than six months from
 - (b) According to information and explanations given to us there are no dues of income tax or sales tax or service tax or duty of customs or duty of excise or value added tax have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- viii. According to the records examined by us and the information and explanations given to us, there were no transactions found unrecorded in the books of accounts which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
 - ix. a) According to the information and explanations and as verified from books of accounts, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or interest thereon to any lender.
 - b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
 - c)In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has utilized the money obtained by way of term loans during the year for the purposes for which they were obtained
 - d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the company.
 - e)According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
 - x. Provisions of clause no. (x) (a&b) relating to utilization of moneys raised by way of initial public offer or further public offer including debt instruments and term loans, prefrential allotment and private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially, optional) is not applicable to the Company, hence reporting under clause (x) under para 3 of the order is not applicable.
 - xi.a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud or by the company, noticed or reported during the year, nor we have been informed of such case by the management.
 - b) To the best of our knowledge and information with us there is no instance of fraud reportable under subsection (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
 - c)As per information and explanation given by management there were no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
 - xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, reporting under paragraph 3(xii) (a-c) of the order is not applicable.
 - xiii. In our opinion and explanations given to us section 177 and 188 of Companies Act,2013 with regard to transactions with related party have been complied with and all details as per accounting standard have been disclosed in the Financial Statements.

- xiv. a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
 - b) The company did not have an internal audit system for the period under audit, hence reporting under clause (xii) (b) of the para is not applicable.
- xv. According to information and explanations given to us the company has not entered into anynon-cash transaction with the directors or person connected with him. Hence, the reporting requirement under paragraph 3(xv) of the order is not applicable to the company
- xvi.a) In our opinion and information provided to us the company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of Reserve Bank of India Act. 1934.
 - b) Company is not a NBFC hence the reporting in this clause is not required
 - c) Company is Non NBFC. Hence the reporting in this clause is not required
 - d)This clause is not applicable to the company as it is not NBFC
- xvii. The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the current year as well as in the preceding financial year.
- xviii. There being no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year, hence reporting under clause (xviii) of Para 3 of the order is not applicable
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainly exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
- xx. According to information and explanation given to us and as verified by us there is no amount unspent at the year end with respect to compliance as per section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, henceforth reporting requirement under clause (XX)(a) and (XX)(b) under para 3 of the order are not applicable.
- xxi. The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in the report.

For S.L. Chhajed & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 000709C/ C400277

Abhay Kumar Chhajed

Partner

Membership No.: 079662

UDIN: 23079662BGQJBT3280

Date: May 09th, 2023

Place: Bhopal

Annexure- B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting Under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

We have audited the internal financial control over financial reporting of Gurgaon Sohna Highways Private Limited as of 31 March, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal finance controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2023, based on the Internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accounts of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial control over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the Guidance Note) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accoutering principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controlsover Financial Reporting

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Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future period are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For S.L. Chhajed & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 000709C/ C400277

Abhay Kumar Chhajed

Partner

Membership No.: 079662

UDIN: 23079662BGQJBT3280

Date: May 09th, 2023

Place: Bhopal

(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

BALANCE SHEET as at 31-Mar-2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Million)

Particulars	Notes	As at	As at	As at
ASSETS		31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022*	01-Apr-2021
Non-Current Assets				ļ
Property, Plant and Equipment			<u> </u>	
Other Non-Current Financial Assets	3	0.004.04	3.02	3.18
Non-Current Tax Assets (Net)	4 5	2,901.01	3,057.34	2,205.70
Other Non-Current Assets		16.13	63.30	48.33
One Hollouigh Assets	6	134,38	255.81	
Current Assets		3,051.52	3,379.47	2,257.21
Financial Assets		wala saadaa ahaa ahaa		
(i) Trade Receivable				
	7	7,12	8.00	8.00
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	37.43	2.84	24.97
(iii) Bank Balances Other Than (ii) Above	9	217.34	-	-
(iv) Other Financial Assets	4	461.97	457.88	338.71
Contract Assets	10	<u>.</u>	73.40	- 100 - 100
Other Current Assets	6	99.72	113.95	327.97
and the state of t		823.58	656.07	699.65
Total Assets		3,875.10	4,035.54	2,956.86
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES EQUITY			tan mater	
Equity Share Capital	11	660,30	660.30	619.80
Other Equity	12	461.31	408.01	200.52
West and the control of the control	1 7 1	1,121.61	1,068.31	820.32
LIABILITIES	·	Free Prop. Williams	1,000.01	020.02
Non-Current Liabilities			trophenomen on an exercise consequence of	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Financial Liabilities	·	accommunity of the second contract of the second of the se		
(i) Borrowings	13	2,463.86	2,248.95	1,771.42
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	16	88.00	109.23	4.28
Annual number of the Control of the		2,551.86	2,358.18	1,775.70
Current Liabilities				1,170.70
Financial Liabilities				1 - 25
(i) Borrowings	13	165.52	337.54	
(ii) Trade Payables	14		007.04	
(a) Total outstanding dues of MSME	1 - 17 -	aran arangan		
(b) Total outstanding dues other than (ii)(a) above		31.44	222.66	171.83
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	15	31.44 1.63	233.66 8.16	
Contract Liabilities	17	1.71	25.24	182.40
Other Current Liabilities	18	1.33	and the second second	
THE TAIL LIMINGS	- 10	201.63	4.45 609.05	6.61 360.84
otal Equity and Liabilities	<u> </u>	3,875.10		
Restated (Refer Note 30)	1	3,010.10	4,035.54	2,956.86

^{*} Restated (Refer Note 39).

The notes referred above are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

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For S.L. Chhajed & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Reg. No.000709C/C400277

Abhay Kumar d Partner

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors **Gurgaon Sohna Highway Private Limited** CIN: U45400RJ2018PTC060833

Harendra Singh **Managing Director** DIN.00402458

Chief Financial Officer

Balvinder Singh Guleri Company Secretary

M.No. A44874

Girish Pal Singh

DIN.00487476

Director

ANA HIG

RAJASTH

Place: Jaipur

M.No.079662

Date: 09-May-2023

Place: Bhopal

(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Million)

Particulars	3M Mar-2023	3M Dec-2022	3M Mar-2022	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
INCOME					
Revenue from Operations	144.35	44.81	301.24	400.47	1,786.22
Other Income	5.97	1.01	-	13.83	-
Total Income	150.32	45.82	301.24	414.30	1,786.22
EXPENSES	the second of the second second	Managaran da an	to, "Made videfron_belock, medical pro- v d' clitera ev tur-la manachemistrement		gegeneration control and the second control a
Civil Construction Costs	53.22	(31.61)	168.19	58.25	1,247.06
Employee Benefits Expenses	2.42	2.86	2.39	10.23	10.20
Finance Costs	70.98	50.99	61.76	251.86	220.97
Depreciation ·	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.15	0.15
Other Expenses	2.77	6.97	6.07	21.32	25.57
Total Expenses	129.43	29.25	238.45	341.81	1,503.95
Profit Before Tax	20.89	16.57	62.79	72,49	282.27
Tax Expenses			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Income Tax	37.12	(11.42)	0.47	40.42	2.23
Deferred Tax	(31.57)	16.25	15.36	(21,23)	104.95
\$200000 ANNO ANNO ANNO ANNO ANNO ANNO ANNO	5.55	4.83	15.83	19.19	107.18
Profit for the period	15.34	11.74	46.96	53.30	175.09
Other Comprehensive Income (Net of Tax)	Section 2	-	end niemen is nieme * 2 nie eeu en meerste bekendlieve beween dijn die eerste		
Total Comprehensive Income for the period	15.34	11.74	46.96	53.30	175.09
Earnings Per Share	Strange of grown at the province of the second strange of the seco	\$	a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a		Marine Commission Comm
(Nominal Value of Share Rs.10 Each)		Announced species consistent of the contract o	8 E18 87 THE	and in which willings will display the control of t	population comment of the comment of
Basic (Rs.)	0.23	0.18	0.75	0.81	2.81
Diluted (Rs.)	0.23	0.18	0.75	0.81	2.81

The notes referred above are an integral part of these financial statements

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CHARLE PED ACCOUNT

As per our report of even date attached

For S.L. Chhajed & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm(s)Reg. No.000709C/C400277

Abhay Kumar Chhajed

Partner M.No.079662

Date: 09-May-2023

Place: Bhopal

DIN.Q0402458

Harendra Singh

Managing Director

Hitesh Parmuwal **Chief Financial Officer**

RAJASTH

Gurgaon Sohna Highway Private Limited CIN: U45400RJ2018PTC060833

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

bright pal sigh Girish Pal Singh

> Director DIN.00487476

Balvinder Singh Guleri **Company Secretary**

M.No. A44874

Place: Jaipur

(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Million)

Particulars	Notes	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
INCOME		AND TAKEN	
Revenue from Operations	19	400.47	1,786.22
Other Income	20	13.83	anna ang a anggan a a mininta dalawan an an ng Parkana ang dag Pip nay b inana an dalahan an an
Total Income		414.30	1,786.22
EXPENSES		Transmit Manney (1992) 14 August Manney (1994) 1997 1997 1997 1997 1997 1997 1997 1997 1997	e e Millio e cost quantitativatura e communicare eliquinquisti contributare
Civil Construction Costs	21	58.25	1,247.06
Employee Benefits Expenses	22	10.23	10.20
Finance Costs	23	251.86	220.97
Depreciation	24	0.15	0.15
Other Expenses	25	21.32	25.57
Total Expenses		341.81	1,503.95
Profit Before Tax		72.49	282.27
Tax Expenses	26		ter Etreshottesfreitigentigenstyrmund, enretitienne minimidlik (delli) de glaggettill (flyttyr Etlyri
Income Tax	with the standard control of t	40.42	2.23
Deferred Tax	and commendation of a site of the site of	(21.23)	104.95
		19.19	107.18
Profit for the period		53.30	175.09
Other Comprehensive Income (Net of Tax)			
Total Comprehensive Income for the period		53.30	175.09
Earnings Per Share	34		mendre ve anno en el confirmino accessa mellite e estimanda mendrima del constituido de la constituida de la c
(Nominal Value of Share Rs.10 Each)			in the second control of the state of the second of the second state of the second sta
Basic (Rs.)		0.81	2.81
Diluted (Rs.)	- tale - utilization in a second transfer of the second transfer of	0.81	2.81

The notes referred above are an integral part of these financial statements

BHOPA

As per our report of even date attached

For S.L. Chhajed & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Reg. No.000709C/C400420

Abhay Kumar Chhajed

Partner

M.No.079662

Date: 09-May-2023

Place: Bhopal

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors **Gurgaon Sohna Highway Private Limited**

CIN: U45400RJ2018PTC060833

Harendra Singh **Managing Director**

DIN.00402458

Hitesh Parmuwal

Chief Financial Officer

Balvinder Singh Guleri

Company Secretary

Girish Pal Singh

DIN.00487476

Director

M.No. A44874

Place: Jaipur

(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Million)

Particulars	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22*
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Profit before tax		
Adjustment for:	72,49	282.27
Interest income	And the state of t	
Profit on Sale of Fixed Asset	(13.20)	_
	(0.63)	
Depreciation	0.15	0.16
Finance costs	251.86	220.97
Working Capital Adjustments:	310.67	503.40
(Increase)/Decrease in other non-current financial assets	456°30	/0E4 CA
(Increase)/Decrease in other non-current assets	156.33	(851.64
(Increase)/Decrease in other current financial assets	121.43 (4.09)	(255.81
(Increase)/Decrease in other current assets	14.23	(119.17
(Increase)/Decrease in trade receivable	0.88	214.02
(Increase)/Decrease in contract assets	73.40	(73.40)
Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables	(202.22)	61.83
Increase/(Decrease) in other current financial liabilities	(6.53)	7.25
Increase/(Decrease) in contract liabilities	(23.53)	25.24
Increase/(Decrease) in other current liabilities	(3.12)	(2.16)
Cash Generated from Operating Activities	437.45	(490.44)
Income tax paid (net)	437.43 6.75	(490.44)
Net Cash Generated from/ (used in) Operating Activities (A)	444.20	(507.64)
Cash Flow from Investing Activities	was specially and the same of	SNA-ASSESSORY TV . AMPRICATION OF THE ASSESSORY
Fixed assets (purchases)/ sale	3.50	
Fixed Deposits (Net)	(217.34)	
Interest received	13.20	
Net Cash Generated from/ (used in) Investing Activities (B)	(200.64)	
Cash Flow from Financing Activities		
Finance Cost	(050 50)	(040.00)
Proceeds from issue of share capital	(250.53)	(219.96)
Proceeds from securities premium	on the control of the	40.50
Proceeds from long term borrowings	379.10	32.40 560.00
(Repayment) of long term borrowings	(233.17)	300.00
Proceeds from short term borrowings	139.89	202.00
(Repayment) of short term borrowings	(244.26)	(129.43)
Net Cash Generated from/ (used in) Financing Activities (C)	(208.97)	485.51
		100.01
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	34.59	(22.13)
Opening Balance Cash and Cash Equivalents	2.84	24.97
Balance Cash and Cash Equivalents at period end	37.43	2.84

^{*} Restated (Refer Note 39).

Notes:

1. The above Statement of Cash Flow has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS-7) 'Statement of Cash Flows'

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents Comprises of:

Cash and Cash Equivalents in Statement of Cash Flow	37.43	2.84
Cash and Cash Equivalents	37.43	2.84
 Deposits with original maturity of less than three months 	30.00	-
- Escrow Accounts	7.35	1.17
- Current Accounts	0.08	1.67
Balance with Banks:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·





(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Million)

Reconciliation of Cash Flows from Financial Activities (Ind AS-7)

Particulars	Borrowings	Interest Payable	Total
Opening balance as on 01-Apr-2021	1,921.11	——————————————————————————————————————	1,921.11
Finance cost during the period	to consequently the same section of the same s	220.97	220.97
Cash flows		on the property of the second	
Received	762.00		762.00
Repayment	(129.43)	To the second of the commendation of the second	(129.43)
Finance cost paid	The second secon	(219.96)	(219.96)
Non cash items		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(213.30)
Non cash adjustments	32.81	(1.01)	31.80
Closing Balance as on 31-Mar-2022	2,586.49	-	2,586.49
Opening balance as on 01-Apr-2022	2,586.49		2,586.49
Finance cost during the period		251.86	251.86
Cash flows			LJ 1.00
Received	£10.00		TO BOTH A S. A.

518.99 518.99 Repayment (477.43)(477.43)Finance cost paid (250.53)(250.53)Non cash items Non cash adjustments 1.33 (1.33)Closing Balance as on 31-Mar-2023 2,629.38 0.00 2,629.38

The notes referred above are an integral part of these financial statements

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ERED ACCON

As per our report of even date attached

For S.L. Chhajed & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Reg. No.000709C/C400277

Abhay Kumar Chhajed Partner

M.No.079662

Harendra Singh

Managing Director DIN.00402458

Hitesh Parmuwal **Chief Financial Officer**

Girish Pal Singh

Director DIN.00487476

Balvinder Singh Guleri Company Secretary

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Gurgaon Sohna Highway Private Limited

ANA HIG

PAJASTHAN

CIN: U45400RJ2018PTC060833

M.No. A44874

Place: Jaipur

Place: Bhopal

Date: 09-May-2023

(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Million)

A Equity Share Capital

Particulars	No. of Shares	As at 31-Mar-2023	No. of Shares	As at 31-Mar-2022
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	6.60,30,000	660.30	6,19,80,000	619.80
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	Samuel Company	y - a a a managana sa	·	
Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period	6,60,30,000	660.30	6,19,80,000	619.80
Changes in equity share capital during the period	-	-	40,50,000	40.50
Balance at the end of the reporting period	6,60,30,000	660.30	6,60,30,000	660.30

B Other Equity

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2023	As at
Retained Earnings	1,00 2020	Pri-mai-2022
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	339.37	164.28
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	and the state of t	104.20
Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period	339.37	164.28
Total comprehensive income for the period	53.30	175.09
Dividends		170.03
Transfer to retained earnings		Hoo doorne marron
Any other changes		
Balance at the end of the reporting period	392.67	339.37
Securities Premium	w res	The section of the se
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	68.64	36.24
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors		
Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period	68.64	36.24
Total comprehensive income for the period		
Dividends		
Transfer to retained earnings	55.0 - 11.5 - 20.5 - 1	-
Change in Securities Premium During the year		32.40
Balance at the end of the reporting period	68.64	68.64
Total Other Equity	461-31	408.01

The notes referred above are an integral part of these financial statements

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As per our report of even date attached

For S.L. Chhajed & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Fjrm's Reg. No.000709C/C400277 CHHAJEDEO

Abhay Kumar Chhajed

Partner M.No.079662

Date: 09-May-2023

Place: Bhopal

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors **Gurgaon Sohna Highway Private Limited** CIN: U45400RJ2018PTC060833

RAJASTHA

Harendra Singh Managing Director DIN.00402458

Hitesh Parmuwal

Chief Financial Officer

Growth pol Shigh Girish Pal Singh

Director DIN.00487476

Balvinger Singh Guleri Company Secretary M.No. A44874

Place: Jaipur

(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

Corporate and General Information

Gurgaon Sohna Highway Private Limited (GSHPL-"The Company") is a Private Limited Company registered under the Company Act 2013. Its registered office is at 14, Panchwati Colony, Ratanada, Jodhpur (Rajasthan) -342001 India. The Company was incorporated on 06-Apr-2018.

The Company is a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) promoted by H.G. Infra Engineering Limited (HGIEL) for Construction of 6 Laning & Strengthening of New NH-248A from Existing km 11+682 to exiting KM 24+400 in the state of Haryana Package-2: Existing Ch. Km 11+682 to km 24+400 (Design Ch. Km 9+282 to km 22+000) under NHDP Phase-IV on Hybrid Annuity Mode.

These financial statements were authorized to be issued by the board of directors on 09-May-2023.

Note 1: Significant Accounting Policies

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these standalone financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

A Basis of preparation

(i) Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements of the Company comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with Rule 4 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Act.

(ii) Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

a) Certain financial assets and financial liabilities measure at fair value;

(iii) New and amended standards become effective during the period:

The following amendments to standards has become effective for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing April 1, 2022:

- o Onerous Contracts- Cost of Fulfilling a Contract Amendments to Ind AS 37
- o References to the Conceptual Framework Amendments to Ind AS 103
- o Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds Before Intended Use- Amendment to Ind AS 16
- o First Time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards- Subsidiary as a first time adopter Ind AS 101
- o Fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liability Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments
- o Taxation in fair value measurements Amendments to Ind AS 41

The amendments listed above did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

(iv) Standards (including amendments) issued but not yet effective:

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Amendment Rules, 2023 dated March 31, 2023 to amend certain Ind ASs which are effective from 01 April 2023:

- o Disclosure of Accounting Policies Amendment to Ind AS 1 Presentation of financial statements
- o Definition of Accounting Estimates Amendments to Ind AS 8 Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors
- o Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction Amendments to Ind AS 12 Income taxes

Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker (CODM). The Managing Director of the Company has been identified as CODM and he assesses the financial performance and position of the Company, and makes strategic decisions. Refer Note 40 for segment information.

Operating cycle

Assets and liabilities are classified as current if it is expected to realize or settle within 12 months after the balance sheet

B Revenue recognition

(i) Service concession arrangement

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The company assesses promises in the contract that are separate performance obligations to which portion of transaction price is allocated.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price as specified in the contract with the customer. It excludes taxes or other amounts collected from the customer in its capacity as an agent.

The company constructs the infrastructure (road) used to provide a public service and operates and maintains that infrastructure for a specified period of time. Under Appendix D to Ind AS 115- Revenue from contracts with Customers, this arrangement is accounted for based on the nature of the consideration. The intangible assets is used to the extent that the company receive the rights to charge the users of the public service. The financial assets is used when the company has an unconditional right to receive cash or other financial assets from or at the direction of construction services.

Design-Build-Operate-Transfer (DBOT) contracts on hybrid annuity basis configure three streams of revenue- Construction revenue, Financing income and Operation & Maintenance (O&M) income. The construction of DBOT revenues are accounted for in the construction phase of DBOT, O&M income is recognised in the Construction phase of DBOT, while finance income income is recognised over the concession period on the imputed interest method.

AED ACCOUNT

(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

Revenue related to construction services provided under the service concession arrangement is recognised based on stage of completion of the work performed. The stage of completion is assessed by reference to input method i.e. cost incurred till date in proportion to total estimated cost to complete the work.

Revenue from operation and maintenance activities are recognised at an amount for which it has right to consideration (i.e. right to invoice) from the customers that corresponds directly with the value of the performance completed to the date.

Contract Balances - Contract Assets

A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. If the Company performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional.

Contract assets represent revenue recognized in excess of amounts billed and include unbilled receivables. Unbilled receivables, which represent an unconditional right to payment subject only to the passage of time, are reclassified to accounts receivable when they are billed under the terms of the contract.

Contract Balances - Contract Liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made, or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract. Contract liabilities represent amounts billed to clients in excess of revenue recognized to date and other advances received from customers.

Variable consideration

The nature of the company's contracts gives rise to several types of variable consideration, including claims, unpriced change orders, award and incentive fees, change in law, liquidated damages and penalties. The company recognizes revenue for variable consideration when it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur. The company estimates the amount of revenue to be recognized on variable consideration using the expected value (i.e., the sum of a probability-weighted amount) or the most likely amount method, whichever is expected to better predict the amount.

The Company's claim for extra work, incentives and escalation in rates relating to execution of contracts are recognized as revenue in the year in which said claims are finally accepted by the clients. Claims under arbitration/ disputes are accounted as income based on final award. Expenses on arbitration are accounted as incurred.

Before including any amount of variable consideration in the transaction price, the Company considers whether the amount of variable consideration is constrained. The Company determined that the estimates of variable consideration are not constrained based on its historical experience, business forecast and the current economic conditions. In addition, the uncertainty on the variable consideration will be resolved within a short time frame.

Revenues are shown net of Goods & Service Tax, applicable discounts and allowances.

(ii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised using effective interest rate (EIR) method.

The 'effective interest rate' is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to:

- the gross carrying amount of the financial assets; or
- the amortised cost of the financial liabilities.

(iii) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized in the statement of profit and loss on the date that the Company's right to receive payment is established.

(iv) Other income

All other income is accounted on accrual basis when no significant uncertainty exist regarding the amount that will be received.

C Income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences.

(i) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and considers whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The company measures its tax balances either based on the most likely amount or the expected value, depending on which method provides a better prediction of the resolution of the uncertainty.

Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

PRED ACCOUNT

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements.

ces arising between the tax bases

(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses / tax credits only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

D Leases

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Company, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Company:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received;
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by Company, which does not have recent third party financing, and makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- · any initial direct costs, and
- · restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise IT equipment and small items of office furniture.

E Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or group of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

F Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.

G Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Company holds the trade receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less loss allowance.

H Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument another entity.

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions

Financial Assets:

Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories

(i) those measured at amortized cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial

the contractual terms of the cash

the instrument

l assets and the contractu

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(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through Statement of Profit or Loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed of in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, financial assets are measured at:

(i) amortized cost

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. The Company classifies its debt instrument in only one category as below:

(i) Amortized Cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains / (losses). Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit and loss.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses (ECL) associated with its financial assets carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note 30 details how the company determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables (Including contract assets) only, the Company applies the simplified approach required by Ind AS 109, which requires lifetime ECL to be recognised as loss allowance.

Derecognition of Financial Assets

A financial asset is derecognized only when:

- (i) the Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- (ii) retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognized. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognized.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognized if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognized to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset

Income Recognition

Interest income

Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is disclosed as interest income within other income. Interest income on financial assets at amortised cost using the effective interest method is recognised in the statement of profit and loss as part of other income.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

Financial Liabilities:

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are initially measured at its fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue/origination of the financial liability.

Subsequent Measurement

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in statement of profit and loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in statement of profit and loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The differences between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss as other gains/(losses).

| Offsetting Financial Instruments

AJEDE Pance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to spirit on a new realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be continuon to another property and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankilugibly of the Configuraty or the counterparty.

(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

J Property, plant and equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation methods, rates and residual value

Depreciation is provided on a pro-rata basis on the Straight Line Method (SLM) over the estimated useful lives of the assets, based on technical evaluation done by management's expert, which are higher than those specified by Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, in order to reflect the actual usage of the assets. The useful life, residual value and the depreciation method are reviewed at least at each financial year end. If the expectations differ from previous estimates, the changes are accounted for prospectively as a change in accounting estimate.

The management estimates useful lives of the tangible fixed assets as follows:

(i) Building

60 Years

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in profit or loss within other gains/(losses).

K Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period.

L Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

M Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company, or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

N Insurance claims

Insurance claims are accounted for on the basis of claims admitted / expected to be admitted and to the extent that the amount recoverable can be measured reliably and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection.

O Claims

Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts are disclosed under contingent liabilities. Claims made by the comparare recognised as and when the same is approved by the respective authorities with whom the claim is lodged.

P Employee Benefits

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as expense on accrual basis when employees have recognised as expense on accrual basis when employees have recognised as expense on accrual basis when employees have recognised as expense on accrual basis when employees have recognised as expense on accrual basis when employees have recognised as expense on accrual basis when employees have recognised as expense on accrual basis when employees have recognised as expense on accrual basis when employees have recognised as expense on accrual basis when employees have recognised as expense on accrual basis when employees have recognised as expense on accrual basis when employees have recognised as expense on accrual basis when employees have recognised as expense on accrual basis when employees have recognised as expense on accrual basis when employees have recognised as expense on accrual basis when the contributions are due.

Past service costs are recognised in the statement of profit and loss on the earlier of:

• The date of the plan amendment or curtailment;

• The date that the Company recognises related restructuring costs.

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Company recognises the following changes the perfect the net defined benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss:

the discount rate to the net defined different obligation under the head

(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

- · Service costs comprising current service costs, past service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and nonroutine settlements;
- · Net interest expense or income.

Q Contributed equity

Equity shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in statement of profit and loss.

R Dividends

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

S Earnings per share

- (i) Basic earnings per share
 - Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:
- a) The profit attributable to owners of the company
- b) By the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

- Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:
- a) the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and
- b) the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

T Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest million as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

Note 2: Critical estimates and judgements

Preparation of the financial statements requires use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies. This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgements or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgements is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial statements.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgements are:

(i) Estimation of useful life of Property, plant and equipment

The company estimates the useful life of the Property, plant and equipment as mentioned in Note 1(J) above, which is based on the expected technical obsolescence of such assets. However, the actual useful life may be shorter or longer than the life estimated, depending on technical innovations and competitor actions.

(ii) Estimation of fair value of level 3 financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. The Company uses its judgement to select a variety of methods and make assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period. Refer note 29 on fair value measurements where the assumptions and methods to perform the same are stated.

(iii) Revenue recognition

The Company uses the percentage of completion method using the input (cost expended) method to measure progress towards completion in respect of fixed price contracts. Percentage of completion method accounting relies on estimates of total expected contract revenue and costs. This method is followed when reasonably dependable estimates of the revenues and costs applicable to various elements of the contract can be made. Because the financial reporting of these contracts depends on estimates that are assessed continually during the term of these contracts, recognized revenue and profit are subject to revisions as the contract progresses to completion. When estimates indicate that a loss will be incurred, the loss is provided for in the period in which the loss becomes probable.

The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.





(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Million)

3 Property, Plant and Equipment

Particulars	Buildings	Total
GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT		
Opening Gross Carrying Amount as at 01-Apr-2021	3.52	3.52
Additions/ Deletion	-	
Closing gross carrying amount	3.52	3.52
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION		
Opening Accumulated Depreciation	0.18	0.18
Depreciation charge during the period	0.32	0.32
Closing Accumulated Depreciation	0.50	0.50
Net Carrying Amount as on 31-Mar-2022	3.02	3.02
CDOCC CADDVING AMOUNT	\$ P. P.	
GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT	3.52	3.52
Opening Gross Carrying Amount as at 1-Apr-2022 Additions/ Deletion		(3.52)
	(3.52)	(3.34)
Closing gross carrying amount ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION		2 000 V 000
Opening Accumulated Depreciation	0.50	0.50
Depreciation charge during the period	(0.50)	(0.50)
Closing Accumulated Depreciation	-	11 Objection over the State of
Net Carrying Amount as on 31-Mar-2023	- 1	- Industrial - California
The corning amounts of all the accept has pladed as security for current and	non current horrowings (Pefer Note 1	3)

The carrying amounts of all the assets has pledged as security for current and non-current borrowings. (Refer Note 13)

4 Other Financial Assets

Particulars		As at 31-Mar-2023	As at 31-Mar-2022*
Non-Current	CONTRACTOR		
Service concession arrangement receivable from NHAI		2,901.01	3,057.34
Total Non-Current Financial Assets		2,901.01	3,057.34
1 1 1			
Current .	The second secon		
Service concession arrangement receivable from NHAI		454,69	456.99
Deposits & Advances		0.94	0.89
Interest Accrued on FDR	and the second s	6.34	-
Total Current Financial Assets		461.97	457.88
* Restated (Refer Note 39).			·

5 Non-Current Tax Assets and Current Tax Liabilities (Net)

		As at	As at
Particulars		31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
Advance tax and TDS assets		56.25	65.53
Provision for tax	- 1 1000 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(40.12)	(2.23)
Total Non-Current Tax Assets and (Current Tax Liabilities) (Net)		16.13	63.30

6 Other Assets

Particulars	As at	As at
Turtiouals	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
Non-Current Service Se		CANONIC CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF
Balance with government authorities:		
GST input credit	134.38	255.81
Total Other Non-Current Assets	134.38	255.81
Current		A Proposition of the Proposition
Mobilisation/ Material advance given to HG Infra Engineering Limited (Holding Company)	2.02	28.27
Prepaid expenses	1.71	25.03
Balance with government authorities:		
GST cash credit	5.40	0.01
GST input credit	90.59	60.64
Total Other Current Assets	99.72	113.95

7 Trade Receivable

Trade Receivable)				
				As at	As at
Particulars				31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
Trade Receivable	•]
Unsecured, con	sidered good			7.12	8.00
Total				7/6	1A HIA 8.00
		AHA	JED 8 7	COM	74
		/d//	1, ó/	/S/s	12/
		[#]	L 151	15/ 1	121

Gurgaon Sohna Highway Private Limited (Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Million)

Trade Receivable Ageing Schedule

Particulars		Outstanding for	or following perio	ods from due o	date of paymer	t
	< 6 Month	6M to 1Y	1Y - 2Y	2Y - 3Y	> 3Year	Total
As at 31-Mar-2022		and the second s				***************************************
(i) Undisputed trade receivable - considered good	-	711111111111111111111111111111111111111	8.00	-	•	8.00
(ii) Undisputed trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-		•	-	
(iii) Undisputed trade receivables - credit impaired		-	-	-	-	
(iv) Disputed trade receivable - considered good		_		-	- AND	
(v) Disputed trade receivable - which has significant increase in credit risk	•	-	-	-	-	
(vi) Disputed trade receivable - credit impaired	-	-	-	-		
As at 31-Mar-2023				An order Americans		4
(i) Undisputed trade receivable - considered good	7.12	From the state of	W 2 ' 10 200 (100 to 10 10 to 1	_		7:12
(ii) Undisputed trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-			-	_	
(iii) Undisputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	- !	-	_	•	
(iv) Disputed trade receivable - considered good	-	-	-	-	a a dia a 1 A AMBanana a Anamana Mara Wakilia Wakilia Mara Mara Mara Mara Mara Mara Mara Ma	
(v) Disputed trade receivable - which has significant increase in credit risk	_	- 1	**************************************	A. C. CONTROLLED CONTROLLA A MOPELLA A LA CALLADA DE CONTROLLA A MOPELLA A LA CALLADA DE CONTROLLA A LA CALLADA DE CONTROL	ORDINARY OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	
(vi) Disputed trade receivable - credit impaired	•	-	-	-	-	

8 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Dantiaulana	As at	As at
Particulars	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
Balances with Banks		
In current accounts	0.08	1.67
Deposits with original maturity of less than three months	30.00	. Fr 1007 b
In escrow accounts	7.35	1.17
Total	37.43	2.84
Note: For charge created on the aforesaid assets (Refer Note 13)	2004. \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	

9 Bank Balances Other Than Cash and Cash Equivalents

De attende a	As at	As at
Particulars	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
Fixed Deposits	217.34	-
Total	217.34	-

10 Contract Assets

	As at	As at
Particulars	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
Accrued Revenue		73.40
Total		73.40

11 Equity Share Capital

Particulars			As at 31-Mar-2023	As at 31-Mar-2022
Authorised	NA HIO	`\		
6,62,50,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each (24,62,50,000 Equity Shares)/	4	662.50	662.50
	WED CO LIQUITY OHATOO	131		<u> </u>
Issued, Subscribed and Paid Up		11	A polymery of the polymery	222-2007-191-1909-191-191-191-191-191-191-191-19
6,60,30,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each (XAAQ 80 000 Equity Shares) (PAJAS THA	N <]	660.30	660.30
Total (*)		/7/		660.30
**************************************	THEO ACCOUNTS	37	wasanan amana wa pamana wa mana wa man	000.31

(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Million)

Movement of Equity Share Capital outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the period

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2023		As at 31-Mar-2022	
	Nos of Shares	Amount	Nos of Shares	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	6,60,30,000	660.30	6,19,80,000	619.80
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors				-
Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period	6,60,30,000	660.30	6,19,80,000	619.80
Changes in equity share capital during the period	- Commission of the commission	-	40,50,000	40.50
Balance at the end of the reporting period	6,60,30,000	660.30	6,60,30,000	660.30

Particulars of Shareholders holding more than 5% Equity Shares in the Company

Particulars	As at 31-Ma	As at 31-Mar-2023		ar-2022
	Nos of Shares	% of Total	Nos of Shares	% of Total
Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up held by		THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACT		
HG Infra Engineering Limited (Holding Company)	6,60,30,000	100.00%	6,60,30,000	100.00%

^{*} Including 1 equity share held by nominee shareholder.

Note: Out of above, 51% of shares have been pledged against borrowing. (Refer Note 13)

Shareholding of Promotors/ Holding Company

Name of Promoter	No of Shares	% of Total Share	% Change During Period
As at 31-Mar-2022		Anad	
HG Infra Engineering Limited (Holding Company)	6,60,30,000	100.00%	0.00%
Total	6,60,30,000	100.00%	0.00%
and the second s		•	
As at 31-Mar-2023		ere gerene er Welle betreit der von vertre und und den Australia zu der Australia der	to a color control control control control
HG Infra Engineering Limited (Holding Company)	6,60,30,000	100.00%	0.00%
Total	6,60,30,000	100.00%	0.00%

Terms & Rights attached to Equity Shares:

The Company has a single class of equity shares. Accordingly, all equity shares rank equally with regard to dividends and share in the Company's residual assets. The equity shares are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time. The voting rights of an equity shareholder on a poll (not on show of hands) are in proportion to its share of the paid up equity capital of the Company. Voting rights cannot be exercised in respect of shares on which any call or other sums presently payable have not been paid.

Failure to pay any amount called up on shares may lead to forfeiture of the shares.

On winding up of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the residual assets of the Company, remaining after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held.

As per the records of the company, including its registers of shareholders/ member and other declaration received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

12 Other Equity

Particulars				As at 31-Mar-2023	As at 31-Mar-2022
Retained Earnings					
	ing of the reporting pe	riod		339.37	164.28
Changes in accounting	g policy or prior period	errors	annum and the state of the stat		-
	the beginning of the			339.37	164.28
	income for the period		The state of the s	53.30	175.09
Dividends				U. S. Gay, S. W.	-
Transfer to retained e	arnings		The state of the s		-
Any other changes		A seek min a china a mara a makada (Madhanananaka)	mentilaturum mit — maerilateriationikoa ir olean muuntatu dari V. 200 90	2000	-
	of the reporting period	d		392.67	339.37
Securities Premium					
Balance at the beginn	ing of the reporting pe	riod	100000	68.64	36.24
	g policy or prior period		Adventure Profession Committee Adventure for the conference of the Committee of the Committ	An internal control of the control o	The state of the s
	he beginning of the rep			1A H/G 68.64	36.24
	income for the period				-
Dividends	weathers to the transfer of the common section of the common secti		19/	1 /2/	
Transfer to retained e	arnings	JUNEO &			5-4
Any other changes (S		Contract of the contract of th) IZITA	JASTHAN ST -	32.40
Total Securities Pre		7/	E 101	J → J 68.64	68.64
I VIII SOVIIIIOS I 191	inime	* BHOPAL	15	The Control of the Co	S.
Total Other Equity	well to the state of the state	EN ANTHONY A CHARLES MAINTAINS OF THE SHARE WATER	g) (9)	461.31	408.01

Note: Retained earnings represents the amount that the period by the Company as dividends considering the requirements of the Company Act, 2013. No dividends are declared or paid by the company during the year.

(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Million)

13 Borrowings

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2023	As at 31-Mar-2022
Non Current Borrowings		
Secured:	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	
Term loan from banks & financial institutions	2.479.91	2,266.33
Unamortised borrowing cost*	(16.05)	
Total Non-Current Borrowings	2,463.86	2,248.95
Current Borrowings	and the state of t	
Secured:		
Current maturities of long term borrowings	165.52	233.17
Unsecured:	- The state of the	
Loan from HG Infra Engineering Limited (Holding Company)		104.37
Total Current Borrowings	165.52	337.54

^{*} The balance of amortised processing fess effect has been given.

Security for Term Loan:

- (i) A first charge on all the Borrower's tangible assets (present and future), intangible assets excluding project assets.
- (ii) A first charge on all the Borrower's intangible assets.
- (iii) A first charge over all the bank accounts of the Borrower.
- (iv) A first charge or assignment by way of creation of secured interest over the rights, title, interest, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the borrower in, to and under the project documents, approvals, letter of credit, guarantees, insurance contracts.
- (v) Personal guarantees of personal guarantors and the same has been released post 2nd annuity.
- (vi) Corporate guarantee of promotor company and the same has been released post 2nd annuity.
- (vii) Assignment of unsecured shareholder loan/ financial assistance/ funds infused by the promoter.
- (viii) Pledge of 51% of each of the instruments (100% for debentures).

Terms of Repayment:

Loan will be repaid in 26 unequal half yearly instalments in accordance with the Amortisation Schedule set forth in Schedule IV of the Loan Agreement post the moratorium period after COD. Repayment started from Sep-2022.

Interest Rate on Term Loan:

Interest Rate: 1 Year MCLR plus spread i.e. 7.30% paid during the period.

Terms of Unsecured Loan:

Loan received from holding company is interest free and repayable on demand.

14 Trade Payable

Particulars	As at	As at
r al ticulars	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
Current		
(a) Total outstanding dues of micro, small and medium enterprises (refer note below)	-	-
(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro, small and medium enterprises	31.44	233.66
(c) Retention Payable		- And Comment of the
Total Current Trade Payable	31,44	233.66

Trade Payable Ageing Schedule

Particulars	Outstan	iding for follov	ving periods fro	m due date of	payment
	< 1 Year	1Y - 2Y	2Y - 3Y	> 3Year	Total
As at 31-Mar-2022					
Current					K. C. S. Program of Santonian
(i) MSME .		-	- (
(ii) Others	233.66		-	-	233,66
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	- [-	
(iii) Disputed dues - others	-	-	- 1	-	
As at 31-Mar-2023				SNA HIS	
Current		10 JEI	10	17 - 2 %	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
(i) MSME	-	CHHAJE	~ (6) /->/	-\	
(ii) Others	31.44	/~/ ti	181 91	, 4 - 1	31.44
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	**************************************	(BHO	PAL X -5	PAJA STHAN	
(iii) Disputed dues - others	-	CALE.	THE STATE OF		The second secon

The disclosure in respect of the amount payable to enterprises which have provided boods and services to the Company and which qualify under the definition of micro and small enterprises, as defined under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been made in the financial statement as at 31-Mar-2023 based on the information received and available with the Company. On the basis of such information, no interest is payable to any micro, small and medium enterprises. Auditors have relied upon the information provided by the Company.

The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclosed in Note 30.

(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Million)

Of the above, trade payable to related parties are as below-

Particulars	As at	As at
Trade payable to call to directly	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
Trade payable to related parties Total	31.44	233.66
IOGI	31.44	233.66

15 Other Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at	As at
Current	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
Employee related liabilities	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0.67
Other payables		
Total Other Current Financial Liabilities	1.65	7.49
2	1,63	8.16

16 Deferred Tax Liabilities and (Assets)

A Deferred tax liabilities and (assets) at period end

Particulars (2000) at period that	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
Deferred tax liability		F1 ZUZ1-ZZ
Temporary difference of loan processing fees amortisation	7.04	A 20
Temporary difference of finance income	8419	4.38 105.06
Depreciation as per books vs income tax	Manuscript de la companya de la comp	0.14
	88.23	109.58
Deferred tax assets		700.00
Temporary difference of preliminary expenses	(0.23)	(0.35)
	(0.23)	(0.35)
Net Deferred Tax (Assets)/ Liabilities	88.00	109.23

B Movement in temporary differences:

Particulars	Balance as at start of the period	Recognised in P&L during the period	Recognised in OCI during the period	
Deferred tax liabilities	100	V		The Target Continues
Temporary difference of loan processing fees	4.38	(0.34)	_	4.04
Temporary difference of finance income	105.06	(20.87)		84.19
Depreciation as per books vs income tax	. 0.14	(0.14)		
1/2011/20100101	109.58	(21.35)	_	88.23
Deferred tax assets		(= 1.00)		
Temporary difference of preliminary expenses	(0.35)	0.12	_	(0.23)
WWW Windowsky that make the control of the control	(0.35)	0.12	_	(0.23)
Net Deferred Tax (Assets)/ Liabilities	109.23	(21.23)	-	88.00

17 Contract Liabilities

		Andrew Control of the	
Particulars		As at	As at
		31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
\$	customers	1.71	25.24
Total		1.71	25.24

18 Other Liabilities

Particulars	As at	As at
Current	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
Statutory Liabilities	1.23	4.45
Total Other Current Liabilities	1.33	4.45





(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Million)

19 Revenue from Operations

Particulars		EV 2020 02	EV cook co
Civil construction and O&M revenue		FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
Change of Seese - I		118.66	1,027.74
Change of Scope work revenue		(4.74)	416.27
Utility work revenue	Community Statement of Statemen	21.66	68.28
Finance income		264.89	273.93
Total		400.47	1,786.22

(a) Disaggregated Revenue Information

Having regard to the nature of contract with customer, there is only one type of category of revenue; hence disclosure of disaggregation of revenue is not given.

(b) Receivable under Concession Arrangement and Contract Balances

The company classifies the right to consideration in exchange for deliverables as either receivable or unbilled revenue. A receivable is a right to consideration that is unconditional upon passage of time. Revenue for such services is recognized as related services are performed. Revenue in excess of billings is recorded as unbilled revenue and is classified as financial asset for those cases as right to consideration is unconditional upon passage of time. Invoicing to the customer is based on milestone as defined in the contract.

(c) The Transaction Price allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at 31st March 2023 are as follows:

The aggregate value of performance obligations that are completely or partially unsatisfied as at 31st March 2023 is Rs.1616.03 Mn. Out of this, the Company expect to recognize revenue around Rs.41.12 Mn in next year and remaining thereafter. Remaining performance obligation estimates are subject to change and affected by several factors including terminations, change of scope of contracts, occurrence of same is expected to be remote.

(d) Reconciliation of the amount of revenue recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss with contract price has not provided as there is no adjustment made with respect to contract price.

20 Other Income

Particulars			 FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
Interest income		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 13.20	
Miscellaneous income			 0.69	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total			 13.83	
September 1997 -	income a comparison commonly as a small make at an extension of a continuous	and a second sec	10.00	-

21 Civil Construction Costs

Particulars	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
Civil subcontract charges		762.51
O&M subcontract charges	39.10	
Change of scope subcontract expenses	(4.74)	416.27
Utility work subcontract expenses	21.66	68.28
Modification loss on SCA receivable	223	
Total	58.25	1,247.06

22 Employee Benefits Expenses

Particulars	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
Salary, wages and bonus	10.06	10.07
Contribution to funds	0.17	0.13
Total	10.23	10.20

23 Finance Costs

Particulars		FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
Interest on borrowin	Annual Control of the Control of	205.01	217.85
Other borrowing cos	t	46.85	3.12
Total	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	251.86	220.97

24 Depreciation

Particulars			FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
Depreciation & Amortisation	The state of the s	SNA HIO	0.15	0.15
Total	WILLIED & CO	(2)	0.15	0.15

(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Million)

25 Other Expenses

Particulars	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
Insurance expenses	5.19	5.78
Legal and professional charges	5.60	2.88
Miscellaneous expenses	0.38	0.37
Independent engineers fees	7.07	15.24
Payment to auditors (refer note below)	0.10	0.11
CSR expenses (refer note below)	2.98	1.19
Total	21.32	25.57

(a) Payment to Auditors

Particulars	FY 20	22-23 FY 2021-22
Statutory audit fees	Experience of the control of the con	0.10 0.10
Reimbursement of expenses		0.01
Total	Elizabeth	0.10 0.11

(b) Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Expenses

Particulars	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
(i) Amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	2.98	1.19
(ii) Amount of expenditure incurred	2.98	1.19
(iii) Shortfall at the end of the year (Excess Spent)		-
(iv) Total of previous years shortfall	2/4	-
(v) Reason for shortfall*	NA NA	
(vi) Nature of CSR activities	Education Assistance for homes and shele Environmenta and animal welf	lters al sustainability
(vii) Details of related party transactions, e.g., contribution to a trust controlled by the company in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant Accounting Standard	Rs.1.68 Mn paid to H.G. Foundation	Rs.0.20 Mn paid to H.G. Foundation
(viii) Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year shall be shown separately	NA	NA

26 Disclosure Pursuant to Ind AS-12 (Income Tax)

A Income Tax (Income)/ Expenses Recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
Current tax		
Current tax on profit for the year	40.12	2.23
Adjustment for current tax of prior period	0:30	
Deferred tax	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	
Origination and reversal of temporary differences (Refer note 16)	(21.23)	104.95
Income tax expenses recognised in statement of profit and loss	19.19	107.18

B Reconciliation of effective tax rate

Particulars		FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
Profit before tax		72.49	282.27
Income tax expenses	calculated @ 25.17% (PY @ 25.17%)	18.24	71.04
Adjustment for curren	t tax of prior period	0.30	-
Tax on Short Term Ca	apital Gain on Sale of Fixed Asset	0.17	- Committee of the Comm
Effect of disallowed d	eduction under Income Tax Act	0.48	36.14
Tax Expenses		19.19	107.18

Pursuant to The Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance 2019, tax rates have changed with effect from the assessment year beginning from 1st April, 2020 and accordingly, the company has opted for reduced rates prescribed under section 115 BAA of the Income tax Act. Consequent to this, the Company has recognised provision for taxation at the rate prescribed in the said Section.

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(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Million)

27 Related Party Transactions

Related Parties with whom the Company had transactions during the period

(a) Holding Company:

H.G. Infra Engineering Limited

(b) Key Management Personnel (KMP):

Mr Harendra Singh - Managing Director

Mr Girish Pal Singh - Director

Mr Manjit Singh - Independent Director

Mr Onkar Singh - Director

Mr Hitesh Parmuwal - Chief Financial Officer

Mr Balvinder Singh Guleri - Company Secretary

Mr Navneet Singh Choudhary - General Manager Admin

Mr Hodal Singh - Relative of Director

Mr Vijendra Singh - Relative of Director

Ms Nisha Singh - Director

(c) Other Related Parties:

H.G. Foundation

B Related Party Transactions with Holding Company and KMPs

The terms and conditions of the transactions with key management personnel and their related parties were no more favourable than those available, or those which might reasonably be expected to be available, in respect of similar transactions with non-key management personnel related entities on an arm's length basis.

The aggregate value of the Company's transactions and outstanding balances relating to key management personnel and entities over which they have control or significant influence is as follows:

Transaction with related party:

Nature of Transaction	Amount FY 2022-23	Amount FY 2021-22
Loan Received		
(i) H.G. Infra Engineering Limited	139.89	233.80
Loan Repaid	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	Canada and Street Control of the
(i) H.G. Infra Engineering Limited	244.26	129.43
Share Capital Issued	Transmitter of the second seco	A comment of the season of the
(i) H.G. Infra Engineering Limited		40.50
Securities Premium		and the same of th
(i) H.G. Infra Engineering Limited		32.40
Sale of Fixed Asset	- Section Control of the Control of	
(i) H.G. Infra Engineering Limited	3.50	
Civil Construction Costs (Net of taxes)		alliante apaganaga e VIIII altificia un con co un est are
(i) H.G. Infra Engineering Limited	56.02	1,247.06
Mobilisation/ Material Advance Paid (Gross)	and the second position of the second positio	
(i) H.G. Infra Engineering Limited	7.68	105.09
Mobilisation/ Material Advance Recovered (Gross)		
(i) H.G. Infra Engineering Limited	-33.93	110.23
CSR Expenses		
(i) H.G. Foundation	1.68	0.20
Rent Paid	CARROLL CARROLL CONTROL CONTRO	Color Contraction desired in the Color
(i) Hodal Singh	0.11	0.11
Sitting Fees		
(i) Mr Girish Pal Singh	0.05	0.06
(ii) Mr Onkar Singh	0.03	0.06
(iii) Ms Nisha Singh	0.05	0.02
(iv) Mr Manjit Singh	0.02	
Short Term Employee Benefits		
(i) Mr Hitesh Parmuwal	3.75	3.20
(ii) Mr Balvinder Singh Guleri	0.67	0.53
(iii) Mr Navneet Singh Choudhary	2.88	2.88
Guarantees given/ (returned)	[
(i) H.G. Infra Engineering Limited (Corporate Guarantee)	The second secon	
(ii) Mr Harendra Singh (Personal Guarantee)		
(iii) Mr Vijendra Singh (Personal Guarantee)	(2,878.60)	-
(iv) Mr Girish Pal Singh (Personal Guarantee)		

utstanding balances

Nature of Transaction	As at 31-Mar-20	As at 23 31-Mar-2022
Loan Payable		425
(i) H.G. Infra Engineering Limited		104.37
Trada Dayabla	es en de constituente de la cons	
(i) H.G. Infra Engineering Limited	31.	44 233.66
Mobilisation/ Material Advance (Gross)	NED & CO	74-3
(i) H.G. Infra Engineering Limited	AJED & CO	02 28.27
Short Term Employee Benefits Payable /෮ඁ/		
(i) Mr Hitesh Parmuwal	U	0.36
(ii) Mr Balvinder Singh Guleri	BHOPAL 60 .	0.04
Guarantees given on behalf of Company	BHO!!!	
(i) H.G. Infra Engineering Limited (Corporate Guarantee) (ii) Mr Harendra Singh (Personal Guarantee)	RED ACCOUNTS	
(iii) Mr Vijendra Singh (Personal Guarantee)		2,878.60
(Iv) Mr Girish Pal Singh (Personal Guarantee)	And the second s	y 3



(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Million)

28 Disclosure pursuant to Para 6 of appendix D of Ind AS 115 for Service Concession Agreements

Nature of Entity	Description of the Arrangement	Significant Terms of the Arrangement	Financial Assets as at
Gurgaon Sohna Highway Private Limited	special purpose vehicle (SPV) for Construction of 6 Laring & Strengthening of New NH-248A from Existing km 11+682 to exiting KM 24+400 in the state of Haryana Package-2: Existing Ch. Km 11+682 to km 22+4000 under NHDP Phase-IV on Hybrid Annuity Mode, which shall be partly financed by the concessionaire who shall recover its investment and costs through annuity payments and O&M payment to be made by the authority, in accordance with the terms and conditions and forth in this state forth in this state forth in the state of the state o	Remuneration: 40% during construction period and balance 60% in biannual annuity in 15 years as per concession agreement investment grant from concession grantor: No infrastructure return at the end of concession period: Yes Investment and renewal obligation: Nil Re-pricing dates: No Basis upon which re-pricing or re-negotiation is determined: NA Premium payable to granter: Nil BPC: 606 Crore	period end 3,355.7(

29 Fair Value Measurements

A Accounting Classification and Fair Values

						Fair	· Value	
Particulars FV	FVTPL FVOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Level-1 Quoted Price in Active Markets	Level-2 Significant Observable Inputs	Level-3 Significant Observable Inputs	Total	
As at 31-Mar-2022*						niputs	Inputs	so article progress accessorate to
Cash and cash equivalents			2.84	2.84	·	and marketing at a second of	2.84	2.84
Bank balances other than cash and cash equiva	lents		- 1		1			
Other financial assets			3,515.22	3,515.22	1		3,515.22	3,515.22
Total Financial Assets	-	•	3,518.06	3,518.06	•	-	3,518.06	3,518.06
Borrowings-Banks			2,482.12	2,482.12			2,499.50	2,499.50
Borrowings-Others	3	Parameter segre, 1,7,	104.37	104.37	<u> </u>		104.37	104.37
Trade payable			233.66	233.66			233.66	233.66
Other financial liabilities	m tomer name o		8.16	8.16	ļi		8.16	233.00 8.16
Total Financial Liabilities			2,828.31	2,828.31		-	2,845.69	2,845.69
As at 31-Mar-2023								7
Cash and cash equivalents			37.43	37,43	f		37.43	37,43
Bank balances other than cash and cash equiva	lents		217.34	217.34			217.34	217.34
Other financial assets			3,362.98	3,362.98			3,362.98	3,362.98
Total Financial Assets	-		3,617.75	3,617.75		-	3,617.75	3,617.75
Borrowings-Banks			2,629.38	2,629.38			2.645.43	2,645.43
Borrowings-Others				and the second second		annough to a salahan and		er di Gradina
Trade payable			31.44	31.44			31,44	31.44
Other financial liabilities			1.63	1.63			1.63	1.63
Total Financial Liabilities	-	-	2,662.45	2,662.45			2,678,50	2,678.50
* Restated (Refer Note 39).			2.0				-jv. 0.00 (iii	

^{*} Restated (Refer Note 39

B Measurement of fair values (Levels 1,2 and 3)

Level:1

It includes investment in equity shares and mutual fund that has a quoted price and which are actively traded on the stock exchange. It has been valued using the closing price as at the reporting period on the stock exchange.

Level:2

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level:3

These instruments are valued based on significant unobservable inputs whereby future cash flows are discounted using appropriate discount rate.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirely in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

30 Financial Instruments Risk Management Objective and Policies

The Company's activities expose it to variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Company's focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance. The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board of Directors has established a risk management policy to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management systems are reviewed periodically to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Board of Directors oversee compliance with the Company's risk management procedures, and reviews the risk management framework. The Company's financial liabilities comprise mainly of borrowings riske management framework. The Company's financial liabilities comprise mainly of cash & cash equivalents and other receivables.

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Note:

i) The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair values due to the current and short term nature of such balances and no material differences in the values.

(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Million)

i) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet the obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk primarily other financial assets including deposits with banks. The Company's exposure and credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions is reasonably spread amongst the counterparties.

The carrying amount of following financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

Other Financial Assets

This comprises mainly of financial assets receivable - Service concession arrangement receivable from NHAI. The management is of the view that those financial assets are not impaired as the customer is government corporation where no credit risk is perceived. Further the management does not anticipate a significant loss on account of the time value of money.

Finally, the Company's exposure to credit risk on its operating activities has led to no major reconsideration of the Expected Credit Losses on customers at end of March, 2023.

ii) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

Exposure to Liquidity Risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted

Dentis Is a	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash Flows			
Particulars		Total	Less than 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities as at 31-Mar-2022	2000-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00				
Borrowings-Banks	2,482.12	2,499.50	233,17	693.74	1,572,59
Borrowings-Others	104.37	-	- :		-
Trade payables	233.66	233.66	233.66	_	-
Other current financial liabilities	8.16	8.16	8.16		-
Total	2,828,31	2,741.32	474.99	693.74	1,572.59
Non-derivative financial liabilities as at 31-Mar-2023	Accommendation of the manufacture of the second of the sec				£
Borrowings-Banks	2,629.38	2,645.43	165.52	738.36	1,741.55
Borrowings-Others		- 1	-	-	
Trade payables	31.44	31.44	31.44	· -	-
Other current financial liabilities	7.63	1.63	1.63		-
Total	2,662.45	2.678.50	198.59	738.36	1,741.55

iii) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prises - will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial investments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including foreign currency receivables and payables. The Company is exposed to market risk primarily related to foreign exchange rate risks. Thus, our exposure to marked risk is a function of revenue generating and operating activities in foreign currency. The objective of market risk management is to avoid excessive exposure in foreign currency revenues and costs.

(a) Currency Risk

The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupees (Rs). The Company is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

(b) Price Risk

The Company is not exposed to any price risk.

(c) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The interest risk arises to the Company mainly from long term borrowings with variable rates. The Company measures risk through sensitivity analysis. Currently, lending by commercial banks is at variable rates only, which is the inherent business risk.

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk due to variable interest rate borrowings is as follows:

Particulars	As at	As at
1 uniculars	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
Term loan from banks - variable rate borrowings	2,645.43	2,499.50

Sensitivity analysis based on average outstanding term loan borrowings:

Particulars	As at	As at
i articulars	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
Increase or decrease in interest rate by 100 basis point*	26.45	25.00
* Profit will increase in case of decrease in interest rate and vice versa		

31 Capital Management

The Company's policy is to maintain strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business.

The Company manages the capital structure by balanced mix of debt and equity. The Company's capital structure is influenced by the changes in regulatory framework, government policies, available options of financing and the impact of the same on the liquidity position.



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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Million)

Particulars			As at	As at
Total borrowings			31-War-2023	31-Mar-2022
The second secon			2,645.43	2,603.87
Less: Cash and cash equivale Adjusted Net Debts	INIS	The second secon	(37.43)	(2.84)
			2,608.00	2,601.03
Equity share capital Other equity			660.30	660.30
Total Equity			461.31	408.01
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O	and the second s	nd 22 a shammahanna tan shahana e anahanna a sa	1,121.61	1,068.31
		CONTRACTOR		
Adjusted ref Debt to Equity	Nauo	continuous continuous transmissione transmis	2.33	2.43

32 Assets pledged/ hypothecated/ mortgaged as security

The carrying amounts of assets pledged as security for current and non-current borrowings are as follows:

As at	As at
37 Wal - 2020	O Fivial-2022
	ļ
	3.02
	3,057.34
	65.53
13438	255.81
	<u> </u>
454.69	456.99
0.94	0.89
7.12	8.00
2.02	28.27
95.99	60.65
254.77	2.84
	3.939.34
	31-Mar-2023 - 2,901.01 56,25 134.38 454.69 0.94 7,12 2.02

^{*} Restated (Refer Note 39).

33 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

Particulars	As at	As at
O. All J. Lilly	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
Contingent Liabilities		
The Company has no contingent or conditional Liabilities of any kind arising from or in connection with any transaction	or a line of	
business by the Company.		-
Commitments for Project EPC Work	المناسبين ويتارس خطيفا	
Awarded EPC Contract	5,150,00	5,150,00
Less: Cost incurred till date	The second secon	Marie Control of the
Less: Mobilisation/ Material advance	(5,150.00)	(4,299.22)
		(33.41)
Commitments for Project EPC Work not provided for	0.00	817.37

34 Earning Per Share

Particulars	As at	As at
	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
Face value per equity share (in Rs)	10.00	10.00
(a) Profit for the period attributable to equity shareholders (in Mn)	53.30	175.09
(b) Number of equity shares at the beginning of the period	6.60,30,000	6,19,80,000
(c) Equity shares issued during the period	Annual and a second	40,50,000
(d) Number of equity shares at the end of the period	6.60.30.000	6,60,30,000
(e) Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating basic EPS	6.60 30 000	6.22.13.014
(f) Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating diluted EPS	6,60,30,000	6,22,13,014
THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	CONTROL OF STATE OF S
Earnings Per Shares (in Rs)	The state of the s	
Basic earning per share (a/e)	0.81	2.81
Diluted earning per share (a/f)	The second secon	2.81
Note:	and an annual control of the control	~

Weighted average number of equity shares is the number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year adjusted by the number of equity shares issued during the year multiplied by the time weighting factor. The time weighting factor is the number of days for which the specific share are outstanding as a proportion of total number of days during the year/ period.

35 Foreign Currency Transactions

Particulars			As at	As at
			31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
(i) Expenditure in foreign currency				-
(ii) CIF value of import			and the second s	
(iii) FOB value of export				-
(iv) Earnings in foreign exchange	and the second s	to the state of the second	and the second s	-
(v) Remittance in foreign exchange		The state of the s		

36 Disclosure for Ind AS-116 "Leases"

Total amount of lease payments towards short term leases is Rs.0.11 Mn (PY Rs.0.10 Mn) and shown as expense in the profit & Loss etatement.





(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Million)

37 Disclosure Pursuant to Ind AS-19 "Employee Benefits"

Disclosure under Ind AS-19 is not applicable on the company.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The credit risk on the financial assets has not increased since the initial recognition, therefore company measure the loss allowance for the financial assets at an amount equal to 12 month expected credit losses. Since the financial assets are expected to be realised within the contractual period of the invoice raised, as such, there is no ECL (expected credit loss) envisaged in the value of financial assets under SCA (Service Concession agreement) by the management.

39 Restatement of Figures

As at 31-Mar-2023, the Company has assessed its collection plan (which is contractually recoverable from the respective customers in next 12 months for the work already done upto the reporting date and recognised as revenues in the books) and accordingly, classified the financial asset, related to "Receivables under service concession agreement with National Highway Authorities of India", between current and non-current assets. Whereas as at 31-Mar-2022, the Company classified its financial asset based on anticipated collections in next 12 months (pertaining to work already done upto 31-Mar-2022 as well as expected work to be delivered in next 12 months) resulting into misclassification between current financial asset and non-current financial asset as at 31-Mar-2022. Due to this, the Company has restated the current financial assets and non-current financial assets considering the expected collections in next 12 months from 31-Mar-2022 pertaining to the work done and corresponding revenues recognised by then only.

Furthermore, there is no impact of the said reclassification on the Statement of Profit and Loss of the Company as at 31-Mar-2022 and 01-Apr-2021. The balance sheet as at 01-Apr-2021 has also been restated to correct the impact of aforementioned reclassification as on such date.

The impact of reclassification is tabulated below:

Balance Sheet Caption	Nomenclature in the Notes	Balance Sheet as at 31-Mar-2022			Balance Sheet as at 01-Apr-2021	Restated Balance Sheet as at 01-Apr-2021	Net Impact
Other non-current financial assets	Service concession arrangement receivable from NHAI	3,011.09	3,057.34	46.25	1,996.07	2,205.70	209.63
Other current financial assets	Service concession arrangement receivable from NHAI	503.24	456.99	(46.25)	548.30	338.67	(209.63)
Total Assets		3,514.33	3,514.33	44	2,544.37	2,544.37	

Seament Reporting

Basis for Segmentation

In accordance with the requirements of Ind AS-108 'Segment Reporting', the Company is primarily engaged in a business of civil construction and has no other primary reportable segments. The Managing Director of the Company allocate the resources and assess the performance of the Company, thus he is the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). The CODM monitors the operating results of the business as single segment, hence no separate segment needs to be

<u>Information About Geographical Areas</u>
As the Company operates in India only, hence no separate geographical segment is disclosed.

Information About Major Customers

Revenue of the Company derived from single customer (NHAI) which amounts to 10% or more of the Company's revenue.

41 Ratio

Particulars	Items Considered for Numerator and Denominator	As at 31-Mar-2023	As at 31-Mar-2022*	Variation	Reasons
Current Ratio	Current Assets / Current Liabilities	4.08	1.08	279.19%	STL Borrowing and Trade Payable decreased
Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Debt / Shareholder's Equity	2.34	2.42	-3.17%	
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	(Profit After Tax + Non-cash operating expenses + Interest + other adjustments) / (Debt Principal + Interest)	0.58	1,13	-49.18%	Revenue decreased as work has been completed
Return on Equity Ratio	(Profit After Tax - Preference Dividend, if any) / Average Shareholder's Equity	4.87%	18.54%	-73.75%	Revenue decreased as work has been completed
Inventory Turnover Ratio	Cost of Goods Sold OR Sales / Average Inventory	NA NA	NA	-	
Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	Net Credit Sales / Average Trade Receivables	52.97	223.28	-76.28%	Revenue decreased
Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	Net Credit Purchases / Average Trade Payables	0,44	6.15	-92.86%	Construction cost and Trade payable decreased
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Net Sales / Average Working Capital	1.24	9.26	-86.62%	Revenue and Current liabilities decreased
Net Profit Ratio	Net Profit / Net Sales	12.87%	9.80%	31.25%	Interest Income increased
Return on Capital Employed	Profit Before Interest & Taxes / Capital Employed (Net Worth of Shareholders + Borrowings + DTL)	8.45%	13.37%	-36.81%	Revenue and Current liabilities decreased
Return of Investment	Income on Investment / Investment	NA NA	NA	-	
* Restated (Refer Note 39).	n a shada i bala mbabilithin akifa abida ma a ma	* processor of the state of the	A	man manen tare con the control of th	ÿ

42 Events Occurring after the Balance Sheet date

The Company evaluates events and transactions that occur subsequent to the balance sheet date but prior to the financial statements to determine the necessity for recognition and/or reporting of any of these events and transactions in the financial statements. As of 09-May-2023 there were no subsequent events to be recognized or reported that are not already disclosed.





(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of H.G. Infra Engineering Limited)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period ended 31-Mar-2023

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Million)

43 Other Notes

- a) The Company does not have any transaction to which the provision of Ind AS-2 relating to "Valuation of Inventories" applies.
- b) In the opinion of the Board, the current assets, loans & advances, have a value on realization in the ordinary course of business at least equal to the amount at which they are stated in the Balance Sheet
- c) There were no litigation pending against the company which could be materially impact its financial position as at the end of the year.
- d) The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post employment benefits received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the Code will come into effect has not been notified and the final rules/interpretation have not yet been issued. The Company will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period the Code becomes effective
- e) During the previous year, the Company has received the PCOD/COD and the management has revised their estimates of Operation & Maintenance and Major Maintenance cost as per the technical evaluation and the same has been considered while recognizing the finance income on receivable from NHAI under Service Concession Agreement in the book of accounts.

44 Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III

(i) Details of benami property held

No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.

(ii) Borrowing secured against current assets

The Company has term loan borrowings from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security as referred in Borrowing Security Clause including current assets. The required periodic information has been complied by the Company which are in agreement with the books of accounts.

(iii) Wilful defaulter

None of the entities in the Company has been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

(iv) Relationship with struck off companies

The Company has no transactions with the companies struck off under Companies Act, 2013 or Companies Act, 1956.

(v) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

(vi) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements

The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.

(vii) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium

The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

(a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficianes) or

(b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the group shall:

(a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

(b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

(viii) Undisclosed income

There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.

(ix) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

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(x) Valuation of PP&E, intangible asset and investment property

The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets or both during the current or previous year.

The notes referred above are an integral part of these financial statements

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CHARTER

As per our report of even date attached

For S.L. Chhajed & Co. LLP Charteled Accountants Reg. No.000709C/C400277

Abhay Kumar Chhajed Partner M.No.079662

Date: 09-May-2023

Place: Bhopal

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Surgaon Sohna Highway Private Limited CIN: U45400RJ2018PTC060833

Harendra Singh Managing Director

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Surial fel Girish Pal Singh Director DIN.00402458 N.00487476

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M.No. A44874

Place: Jaiour